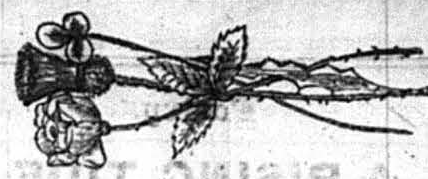




THE COLONIST.



Vol. II. Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum ST. JOHN'S, N. F., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1887. Single Copies—One Cent. No. 204

BY TELEGRAPH.

Appropriation Bill Passed.

British Parliament Prorogues Friday

Two Members Suspended.

O'BRIEN'S CELL ONLY NINE BY FOUR FEET.

20,000 Nailmakers Strike in England.

HALIFAX, Sept. 14.

Parliament has passed the appropriation bill, and the house will be prorogued on Friday.

Graham, member for Lanarkshire, has been suspended for speaking disrespectfully of the house of lords; and Harrington, member for West Kerry, has been suspended for disobeying the speaker.

It is reported that O'Brien is confined in a cell only nine feet long and four feet wide.

Twenty thousand nailmakers, at Stafford, England, are on a strike, demanding higher wages.

CAPE RACE DESPATCH.

CAPE RACE, to-day.

Wind west; fresh, fine and clear. The Allan steamer Nova Scotian went inward at 6.30 a.m., and stmr. Crystal, went east at noon. Steamers Thornholm and Mackay-Bennett went west at noon.

OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

New season's teas, &c. A P Jordan

AUCTION SALES.

FURNITURE SALE!

Tomorrow (THURSDAY), at 11 o'clock.

AT THE RESIDENCE OF

MRS. DONOVAN

Rose Cottage, Portugal Cove Road.

ALL HER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, VIZ.: Drawing-Room—Handsome Drawing-Room Suite, Centre and Occasional Tables and Chairs, Carpet, Rug and Mats, Cushions, Macassar, Ornaments, etc., Mantle Drapery, Fire Irons, Pictures, Curtains, Venetian Blinds, etc., 1 Superior Pianoforte.

Dining-Room—Mahogany, Easy and other chairs, Sofa, Sideboard, Extension and other Tables, Carpets, Rugs, etc., Venetian Blinds, Dining, Desert and Tea Sets, Electroplated and Glass Ware, Handsome Table Cloths, Lamps, Mirrors, &c., Damask and Lace Curtains, Poles, Rings, &c.

Bed-Rooms—Handsome Mahogany Wardrobe, Chest-Drawers, Tables, Washstands, Commode, Iron Bedsteads, Colored Suites, Hair, Spring and other Mattresses, Feather Beds, &c., Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, &c., Toilet Tables, Chairs, Kerosene Lamps, &c., Toiletware, Looking Glasses, &c.

Hall—Hat and Umbrella Stand, Table, Chairs, Oilcloth, Lamp, Mats, &c.

Kitchen utensils and a variety of other articles.

JOHN S. SIMMS.

sept13 Auctioneer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. & G. RENDELL

OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

LUMBER:

CONSISTING OF:

No. 1 and 2 Clear PINE BOARD

1 1/2 and 2-inch No. 1 PINE PLANK

(All well seasoned and in store.)

No. 1 and No. 2 Dressed SPRUCE BOARD

1 1/2 and 1 1/4-inch Dressed SPRUCE PLANK

(ALL IN STORE.)

100 M. Spruce Joisting and Studding

80 M. Square Scantling—4 x 4 to 9 x 9

75 Cheap PINE BOARD.

Clapboard, Pailings, Laths, Shingles, &c.

sept9,f,w&m,2w,f,p

A BOAT PICKED UP!

THE SUBSCRIBER has in his possession a Cod Seine Boat, which he picked up on Saturday night, 10th inst., driving out the narrows. The boat has a plank running fore-and-aft. Owner can have it by proving property and paying expenses.

B. F. FORRISTAL,

sept13,3i South-side, King's Room.

Butter! Oatmeal! Peas!

JUST RECEIVED,

per steamship Bonavista from Montreal,

Butter—Choice Township—specially selected

Oatmeal—Best Canadian—in half-barrels

Peas—Best Canadian White—in half-barrels.

Wholesale and Retail.

JOHN J. O'REILLY,

sept12 390 Water Street, 43 to 45 King's Road.

New Advertisements.

New Goods! New Goods!

A. P. Jordan,

Nos. 178 and 180 Water Street, has Just Received per steamer Nestorian from London, a splendid assortment of

TEAS—THIS SEASON'S.

Prices varying from 1s 2d to 2s 4d per lb. wholesale, and from 1s 6d to 3s retail. Our 1s 9d (in bxs of 21-lbs) is splendid value.

50 BOXES VALENCIA RAISINS, 10 BAGS (2-cwt. each) RICE, 200 Tins French Coffee—rich flavor and fresh ground; 10 cases Currants—patras—very fine And in stock—200 chests and boxes Choice Teas—recent importations Flour—very cheap, Corn Beef, Jowls, Pork Loins, &c., Fancy Biscuits in every variety Our Iron Bedsteads are selling very fast—they are cheap and of new style; Window Sashes Cigars—best brands—and selling from 4s. per box to 25s per ditto.

Output orders attended to with despatch, and every satisfaction guaranteed. A. P. J. would respectfully solicit the kind patronage of his many friends in St. John's and the Outports to his large and well-assorted stock of Provisions and Groceries, the leading line of which is enumerated above, and he promises them good Bargains.

sept14. A. P. JORDAN, 178 & 180 Water-st.

6-Mile Square Heel-and-Toe Walking Match!

PARADE RINK, TUESDAY, SEPT 20th.

A SIX-MILE SQUARE-HEEL-AND-TOE WALKING MATCH WILL TAKE place at the Parade Rink on Tuesday evening, September 20th, under the auspices of Prof. Bennett's Band. To begin at 8 o'clock, sharp.

1st Prize, \$12; 2nd prize, \$8; 3rd prize, \$6.

Parties wishing to enter for this match will please leave their names with any of the Committee at the Parade Rink on or before SATURDAY, 17th September. Entrance Fee—Fifty cents.

N.B.—No person will be allowed on the Track, except those that have entered for the match. This rule will be strictly enforced. Competent Judges will be appointed and satisfaction guaranteed.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER MATCH—DANCING TO 10.30.

Admission—10 cents. "God save the Queen." rep13

Suitings! - 65/- Suitings!

Just Received, per Nestorian, a splendid line of

West of England Worsted Tweed Suiting,

(which we intend offering at 65s., made to measure in our well-known first-class style.)

As value like this has never hitherto been offered, Gentlemen requiring a really stylish first-class suit, should see these Goods at once. An immense variety of patterns to select from.

O'FLAHERTY & MACGREGOR.

sept12,1wfp

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

M. MONROE.

Fifteen doz. Ladies' Waterproof Circulars

BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

Selling from 2/3 each.

A PRICE NEVER HEARD OF FOR SUCH GOODS. Call Early and Get Your Choice.

sept8,f,p,tf

Caution to the Public

SYDNEY COAL!

BUYERS ARE CAUTIONED WHO wish for the genuine and only "Sydney Coal" (trade mark registered), which has for half a century won and maintained its well-known reputation of the best coal in the Dominion, which is only shipped from the mines of the General Mining Association at North Sydney, Cape Breton, that coal sold under similar names, such as Sydney "Reserve" Coal, is not the Sydney Coal—does not come from the mines of the Association, who have no reserve seam, but is a totally different seam of coal mined on the opposite side of the harbor, some fifteen miles from the Old Sydney Mines, and has no more connection with the genuine "Sydney Coal" than any other of the new mines in Cape Breton.

CUNARD & MORROW, Agents General Mining Ass., Limited, JAMES J. ROGERSON, Agent for Newfoundland.

sept8,2m,w,s

TO LET.

[Possession given 1st November.]

A Dwelling House,

immediately opposite the Colonial Building, and now in occupancy of T. JONES, Esq. Apply to

P. J. BRIEN, H.I.E.S. Hall,

aug27,6tp,eod

Prospectus!

NEW BOOK:

Ecclesiastical History of Newfoundland.

By REV. M. F. HOWLEY, D.D., P.A.

[Now in the hands of the printers—to be published about Christmas, 1887.]

THIS WORK, THO' MAINLY A HISTORY of the rise and progress of the Catholic Church in Newfoundland, contains, besides many interesting and hitherto unpublished documents, maps and engravings illustrative of our general history and the early history of America.

The Ecclesiastical part contains an extensive compilation from an unpublished manuscript by the late Right Rev. Dr. MULLOCK, as also autograph letters from the Catholic Bishops—Drs. O'DONNEL, LAMBERT, SCALLAN, &c.; documents from the Archives of Quebec, Propaganda. A short sketch of the lives of all our Old Priests, with anecdotes of their missionary labors, &c. The rise and progress of our Educational Institutions, Industrial and Benevolent Societies, &c., &c.

The book will be published by subscription, at \$2.50, in cloth binding.

Orders for the work will be received at the COLONIST Office; and will be forwarded by mail, postage prepaid, upon receipt of subscription price.

Persons desirous of obtaining local agencies, will receive full particulars upon application to

P. R. BOWERS,

COLONIST Office, St. John's, N.F.

sept7,8i,eod—[tel&mer]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED.

Per steamship Portia from New York,

500 BARRELS

Choice Superior Flour,

250 barrels Choice Extra Flour

75 barrels Jowls—New

100 barrels Beef—packet and plate

AND,

19 TIERCES HAMS.

HEARN & CO.

spt7,1wfp,eod

EXHIBITION!

THE BABY WONDER

MAGGIE BLANCHARD, AGED 4 years and 5 months, and weighing over a hundred pounds, will be exhibited for a few days at the Store, 236 Water-street, at the corner of McBride's Hill. The child is a native of Notre Dame Bay. She will be exhibited from 10 a.m. daily to noon, and from 2 till 5 in the afternoons. The exhibition will open on Monday morning at 10. The price of admission will be 20 cts. for adults, and 10 cts. for children.

L. COURTNEY.



NEWFOUNDLAND.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, until noon on THURSDAY, the 15th day of September next, for

Two Suitable Steamers,

Composite built, fitted to contend with ice for the Postal Service, North, South and West of St. John's, and to be employed on any other Public Service that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, direct.

The Boat for the Northern Service must be about 750 tons, gross measurement, 180 feet long, 30 feet beam, draft of water not to exceed 13 feet when loaded; to have accommodation for 60 Cabin and 90 Steerage Passengers. The Service will be Nineteen Fortnightly Trips North, in each year, commencing about the 1st MAY, 1888, and on the same date in subsequent years.

The Boat for the South and West Service must be about 600 tons, gross measurement, 160 feet long, 28 feet beam; draft same as above, to have accommodation for 40 Cabin and 70 Steerage Passengers. The service will be Twenty-six Fortnightly Trips, South and West, in each year, commencing about 1st MAY, 1888.

Both Steamers to Class A 1 at Lloyd's (England), for Fifteen Years, and to have a speed of at least 12 knots.

The Contract to be for a Term of 12 years to be computed from the term of commencement of the service.

Tenders to specify the rate per round trip at which each service will be performed.

TENDERS will also be received for a Boat similar in size, accommodation and speed to the Boat required for the Northern Coastal Service, to run between St. John's and Halifax fortnightly, during the Winter Months, (say 7 round trips), commencing in January 1888.

The Contract for this Service may be combined with that for the Northern Coastal Service and be performed by same Boat.

Tenders to specify the rate per round trip at which the Service will be performed.

Further particulars may be had on application to this Office.

M. FENELON,

Colonial Secretary.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

St. John's, Newfoundland,

12th May, 1887.

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JUST RECEIVED,

—AND FOR SALE—

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

500 Packages

Wrapping Paper.

T. & J. GRACE,

sept1 360 Water Street.

Provisions & Groceries.

ON SALE BY

JOHN J. O'REILLY

[290 Water-street, 43 & 45 King's Road.]

SUP. EXTRA FLOUR.

Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Bread in 1-bags Biscuits—in boxes, as follows: Soda, Pilot, Butter, Coffee, Wine and Fruit. Family Biscuits—in brls., Family Mess Pork Lard in tins, White Sugar, Brown Sugar Cube Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, Rice, Barley, Split Peas, Green Peas, Tobacco, Cigars, Matches, &c.

Selling at lowest market prices. -sept9

WANTED.

WANTED, BY A MAN OF THIRTY years experience in the General Trade of the country, a situation as Salesman in Shop or Store. Testimonials of character, &c., can be seen at this office. Address—"Z."

sept18,1w

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

At the close of the official year, the Chamber of Commerce begs to make its report upon the trade of the colony during the past twelve months, and in doing so, regrets that it cannot record much more satisfactory business conditions than have obtained for several years past.

The cod-fisheries, taken as a whole, were fairly productive.

On the shore, with the exception of the northern bays, an average catch was secured; but on Labrador the catch was very short, and this non-success was most noticeable with the large sch-r fleet. On the Banks a bountiful harvest was reaped by the fishermen engaged, but careless and imperfect cure appreciably detracted from the value of the catch, and many and serious complaints were received from consuming markets. In strong contrast to this stood the cure of Shore and Labrador fish, which left little to be desired. A continuance of this care must tend to enhance the value of these main branches of our staple industry, and enable us to sustain a commanding position in the face of the keen and scientific competition of foreign rivals. The Chamber cannot too earnestly call the attention of the trade to these facts, while at the same time acknowledging that the Bank fish of this campaign now being marketed, bears evidence of greater care in cure.

From present appearances it is feared that our combined fisheries will produce a result much below the average, and the unproductiveness, unfortunately, is principally noticeable in localities which have been visited with comparative failure in late years.

A short catch of salmon and an almost total failure in the herring fishery, were not compensated for by the higher prices obtained at market.

Those interested in the seal fishery, have again suffered from a short catch and low prices, seal oil have receded to a figure unknown in the past. It is probable, in the face of the competition of petroleum and seal oils, that it will never again attain its previous value.

Seal skins, on the other hand, have been in good demand for tanning purposes, and this, added to small stocks, having caused prices to be considerably advanced, enabled manufacturers to realize satisfactorily.

Cod, as well as seal oil, has been similarly affected by the adverse conditions, and there is little prospect of higher rates being obtained for this articles of export.

The canning of lobsters is now becoming a very valuable commercial adjunct, and the chamber, while pleased to notice the marked preference shown by the consumer for many of our well-known brands, cannot ignore the fact that want of cleanliness and care has, in some cases, depreciated the value of this product. The fact of high prices being paid for a first class article, should be a sufficient incentive to packers to exercise greater attention, as there is practically no limit to the demand.

The act which passed the legislature in 1886, providing for the preservation of bait fishes, and restricting the sale thereof, having been disallowed by the Imperial government nearly a year after its submission for approval, the legislature appreciating the vital importance of the measure to the colony, and in view of the serious constitutional privileges involved, promptly re-enacted the bill and sent it by the hands of a deputation to the Home authorities. Thanks to the able efforts of the delegation, it received the Royal assent, and the chamber believes, that if vigorous action be taken under the provisions of the enactment, material benefit will accrue to all classes of the community.

The chamber is gratified to learn that a commission has been appointed by government to enquire into the working of fishery bureaux in other countries with a view to establishing if deemed necessary of a similar department in this colony.

In August of last year Admiral Lord Clan-william, in his flag ship, paid a visit to St. John's, and upon the occasion the chamber pre-acted him with an address of welcome.

The chamber records with regret the removal of His Excellency Sir George W. Des Vaux, consequent upon his promotion to the governorship of Hong Kong. During his brief tenure of office here he gave evidence of a keen regard for and clear apprehension to the interests of the colony, and the chamber's appreciation of his services was embodied in an address to His Excellency, which it presented prior to his departure for his new seat of government.

The chamber has learnt with pleasure that commissioners are about to be appointed by the British and American governments to negotiate a treaty concerning the commercial relations and fisheries of North America, and as the interests of this colony are more vitally affected by the questions to be discussed than any other portion of the British possessions, the chamber would express the opinion that Newfoundland should be directly represented at the convention.

St. John's, Sept. 1887.

C. BOWRING.

President.

Poetry.

A RISING TIDE.

The west wind clears the morning,
The sea shines silver grey;
The night was long, but fresh and strong,
Awakes the breezy day;
Like smoke that flies across the lift,
The clouds are faint and thin;
And near and far along the bar,
The tide comes creeping in.

The dreams of midnight showed me
A life of loveliness,
A stormy shore that knew no more
The bright wave's soft caress;
The morning broke—the visions fled—
With dawn new hopes begin;
The light is sweet and at my feet
The tide comes rolling in.

Over the bare, black boulders,
The ocean sweeps and swells,
Oh, waters wide, ye come to hide
Dull stones and empty shell!
I hear the floods lift up their voice
With loud triumphant din;
Sad dreams depart—rest, doubting heart,
The tide comes foaming in!

—Good Words.

Wit and Humor.

The men who fix water-pipes have been plumb-full of business this winter.

"Wart to the knife!" as the man said when he removed the excrescence from his finger joint.

Great points of resemblance between the farmers and their poultry—Both delight in full crops.

A firm advertises: "Our dancing slippers for young ladies are simply immense."

A man has advertised for "A boy to open oysters with a reference." We don't believe it can be done.

Although not talkative at all the oyster is a very pleasant companion at dinner.

A blind man can tell the color of a red-hot stove simply by touching it.

"I have a theory about the dead languages," remarked a university freshman. "I think they were killed by being studied too hard."

A mustard plaster is very sympathetic. When it can't do anything else for you it draws your attention.

A phrenological paper says: "In choosing a wife be governed by her chin." A man is apt to be governed by the same thing after he gets a wife.

An American dentist is going to Africa to practise his profession. The heathen has ruined his teeth on tough missionary, probably.

STRANGER—How much do you policemen get? Policeman—We average about 30 shillings a week. "That much a week and found?" "No we are never found."

Mobile has a brass band with a conscience. It goes out in the suburbs on a Sunday and hides itself in the woods to practise. At a distance of two or three miles the music is simply entrancing.

"Yes," mused a military man, as he strolled along the seashore over the shells; "yes, the waves are ever at war; they are constantly shelling the beach."

"Ma, there's a hole in my shoe and it's full of water." "Well, come here and let me cut another hole, so the water'll run out." Who says a woman doesn't reason?

"None but the brave deserve the fare," was the philosophical soliloquy of a tramp who, having obtained surreptitious access to a well-filled larder, proceeded to regale himself therefrom.

A correspondent asks: "When is the best time to pick strawberries?" The best time for this class of work is before the gardener gets up in the morning, and there's no big dog in the garden.

A BITE OF SOMETHING TO EAT.—"Madam," said the tramp, "I'm hungry enough to eat raw dog." "Well," she responded kindly, suiting the action to the word, "I'll whistle some up for you." The tramp left, taking his appetite with him.

AN HONEST BOY.—Customer (to boy in coal office): A ton of coal. How much is it? Boy: twenty-five shillings. Customer: Well, you'll have to slate it. Boy: Slate it? That coal is half slate, now, mister.

A person meeting a friend who had lately laboured under a fit of the gout, he inquired after his health, and was answered so-so. "I am sorry you are no better," replied the gentleman, "for I was in hopes you had recovered in to-to."

"I see coal is going up," remarked Brown. "Yes, but if you buy some it'll be sure to go down," said Smith. "How do you make that out?" "Why it'll go down in the cellar."

Wife: I don't see how you can see that Mr. Whitechoker has an effeminate way of talking. He has a very loud voice. Husband: I mean by an effeminate way of talking, my dear, that he talks all the time.

It is not an unfair sarcasm that is embodied in the story of an organist who was asked: "Are you not a regular attendant of the church?" "Oh yes," said he. "And are you a Christian?" "Oh no," was the reply, "I'm the organist."

STATISTICS OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS IN IRELAND.

The Registrar-General for Ireland, Dr. Grimshaw, has lately issued the statistics of births, marriages, and deaths for the quarter ending the 30th of June last. From them it appears that the number of births registered during the quarter was 29,717, and that there were 93,310 deaths in the same period. The number of emigrants was returned as 41,485, so that there was a decrease of 35,078 in the population, which is now estimated at 4,837,352. The number of births given above is equal to an annual rate of 24.6 in every 1,000 of the population, while in England the quarter's birth-rate is 32.1 in every 1,000. The birth-rate for the quarter is 50.7 under that for the corresponding quarters of the five years, '82-'86, and 0.2 under that for the corresponding quarter of 1886; and is also 0.3 under the rate for the first quarter of the present year. The 29,717 births registered during the quarter were 15,280 boys, and 14,437 girls. The number of marriages for the first quarter of the year was 7,100 equal to an annual rate of 5.9 per 1,000 of the estimated population. Of the total number of marriages 5,652 were registered Roman Catholic, and 1,448 Protestant and other marriages. The deaths registered in Ireland for the quarter ending 30th of June last were 23,310—11,641 males, 11,669 females, an annual rate of 19.3 per 1,000 of the population, the rate in England for the quarter being 18.2. Our death-rate is 0.4 above that for the corresponding quarter in 1886, but it is 0.3 below the average death-rate for the five years, 1882-1886. Of the total deaths 2,728, or 11.7 per cent, were children under one year old, and 9,482, or 40 per cent, were persons aged 60 years and upwards. Again it appears that the birth rate for the four provinces was—Ulster, 24.2; Leinster, 23.6; Munster, 22.3; and Connaught, 20.5. The highest county birth rate is 30.0 for Antrim, and the lowest, 17.8 for Monaghan. Of the intermediate county rates the highest are—Dublin, 28.8; Down, 27.2; and Kerry, 25.4, and the lowest—Queen's County, 18.5; Fermanagh, 18.9; and Armagh, 19.1. The marriage rate for Munster was 6.6; for Connaught, 5.5; for Ulster, 5.1, and for Leinster, 4.9; and the counties with the highest marriage rates are—Kerry, 7.4; Limerick and Mayo, 6.9, and Donegal, 6.6. Those with the lowest rate are—Louth, 2.9; Carlow and Kildare, 3.6, and Longford, 3.7. The provincial death rates are—21.6 for Leinster, 18.1 for Ulster, 17.1 for Munster, and 13.6 for Connaught. The county death rates ranged from 13.1 in Sligo to 27.3 in Dublin. Between those the lowest were—Mayo, 13.3; Roscommon, 13.4, and Kerry, 13.5; the highest—Wexford, 21.4; Kilkenny, 21.5, and Antrim, 21.6. The total number of deaths from the principal zymotic diseases is 1,530, being an increase of 231 as compared with the deaths from similar causes in the preceding quarter. It appears that there was no death from small-pox in the quarter, and only two from simple cholera. Deaths from scarlatina declined from 236 to 211; deaths from diphtheria from 87 to 68. Deaths from simple fever declined from 107 to 102, and those from diarrhoea from 244 to 230. Deaths from measles increased from 148 to 294; those from typhus from 43 to 142; from whooping cough increased from 253 to 345; and from enteric fever from 145 to 156. There was one death from hydrophobia, and it appears that one in every 27 deaths was an inquest case. As regards emigration, the total for the quarter was 41,485, showing an increase of 11,385 from the number for the corresponding quarter of 1886. The No. for April were 18,986; for May, 14,857; and for June, 7,648. Compared with the corresponding quarter of 1886, the returns of pauperism show a decrease of 703 in the average number of workhouse inmates on Saturdays during the quarter, and a decrease of 42,838 in the average number of persons on outdoor relief. Compared with the average for the corresponding quarter of the ten years, 1876-76, the number of workhouse inmates show a considerable decrease, and the number of persons on outdoor relief a large increase.

A Story of Turkish Justice.

Here is a true story of Turkish justice: A drover complained to a cross-legged magnate at Rodosto, that he had been robbed of two oxen. Three Turkish gendarmes were sent to recover the property, and soon discovered two peasants going off with two oxen. One of the men was shot dead. The other escaped and the policemen hastily buried their man and came back in triumph with two oxen. But the man said those oxen had not been stolen from him, and it was plain that the peasant had been shot for driving his own cattle. The situation was uncomfortable, but Turkish diplomacy fixed things. Another man had been found to swear that he had been robbed of two oxen, and they were turned over to him, which relieved the gendarmes from guilt. They did not go unpunished, however, for they had buried the dead peasant without first washing the body, which in Turkey is a crime, except in case of a soldier killed in battle. For that negligence they were imprisoned.

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M. & J. TOBIN.

ARE NOW SELLING

Flour--20s. per barrel, and upwards.

CHOICE AMERICAN BACON--7d. per lb.

GROCERIES!

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT HARDWARE, direct from English & American manufacturers.

170 and 171 Duckworth-street (Beach).

M. & J. TOBIN.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon on THURSDAY, the 15th day of SEPTEMBER next for suitable

STEAMERS,

plying between a Port in the United Kingdom and a Port in North America, North of Cape Henry, to call at St. John's, Newfoundland, fortnightly, with and for Mails and Passengers. To make Twenty Round Trips per annum commencing April and the end of January in each year. The Service to begin in April, 1888, and to continue for Five Years.

Passage and Freight Rates, and accommodation for Passengers, to be subject to the approval of the Government.

Tenders to specify the rate for each Trip East and West, at which the Service will be performed.

TENDERS will also be received for the performance of a

Fortnightly Winter Mail Service,

(Say Seven Round Trips),

between St. John's and Halifax, commencing in January, 1888. The Boat for this service must be about 750 Tons measurement, fitted to contend with field ice, speed to be not less than 12 knots. Tenders to specify rate for each fortnightly trip.

Further information may be obtained on application at this office.

M. FENELON, Colonial Sec'y.

Colonial Secretary's Office, St. John's, Nfld., 12th May, 21.11.87.

PIPES. - PIPES.

Just Received, per stirr Hibernian from Glasgow.

T. D. Pipes—one-gross boxes.

W. S. Pipes—one-gross boxes.

F. A. Pipes—one-gross boxes.

JOHN J. O'REILLY,

290 Water Street, 43 to 45 King's Road.

Magazines & New Books

SEPTEMBER NUMBERS OF THE

FAMILY HERALD and WELDON'S

Journals, Myra & Sylvia's Ladies' Journals

Harper's New Monthly (Eng. edition)

Bow Bells for October.

Laneton Parsonage, The Earl's Daughter,

Katherine Ashton, Amy Herbert, Ivors,

The Experience of Life, Ursula Gertrude,

Margaret Percival, Cleve Hall, and A Glimpse

of the World—each by Margaret M. Sewell, in good

clear type—at 30 cts each.

"Spencer," by the Dean of St. Paul's.

Great Joy—by D. C. Moody.

Anecdotes—by D. L. Moody.

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Summer Songs, Autumn Melodies, Winter

Anthems and Spring Carols,

by the thousand and hundred thousand, are found

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Persons wishing to select will please send for lists or catalogues, or call at "Ditson" stores

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New music and books are faithfully and accurately described in Ditson & Co.'s Musical Record, a monthly costing but \$1.00 per year, which dollar is amply repaid to every music purchaser in the information conveyed the good Vocal and Instrumental music and well made reading columns of this monthly magazine.

We mention, as prominent music books to be used the ensuing season: *Jehovah's Praise*, \$1.00, a fine Church music-book by Emerson; *New Spiritual Songs*, 35 cts., by Tenney & Hoffman, and the *Children's Diadem*, 30 cts., a new and very bright Sunday-school song-book.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.

aug18

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Just Received, per steamship Nova Scotian,

10,000 OF THE OLD AND FAVORITE BRAND

"CHRISTINE NILLSON."--Cigars in 50s.

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We are opening today some very pretty patterns of

DURABLE FLOOR COVERING.

These are the latest English designs, and come from the celebrated manufactory at Staines.

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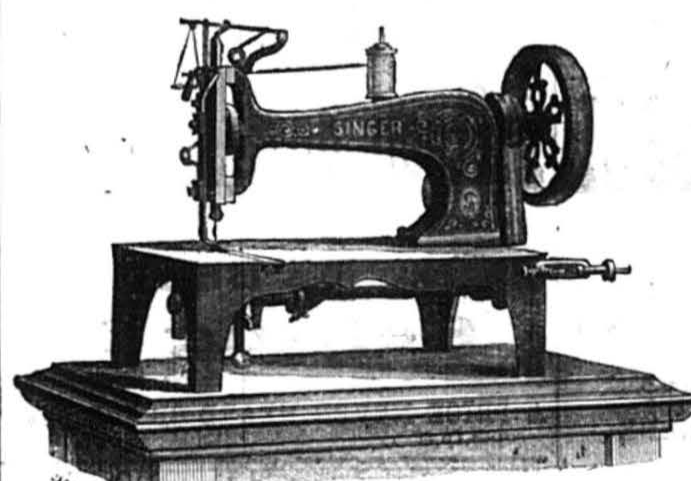
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The Genuine Singer is doing the work of Newfoundland. No one can do without a Singer.

1st. Uses the shortest needle of any lock-stitch machine.
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Beg to acquaint the public that they have now on hand, a variety of

Patterns for Grave and Garden Railings and for Crestings of Houses, &c.

AND WOULD INVITE INSPECTION OF SAME.

All Orders left with us for either of the above will have our immediate attention.

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TO LET.

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on King's Road; and Dwelling House and Shop at Hoylestown, Possession the 1st October.

J. W. FORAN.

St. Michael's Bazaar.

THE BAZAAR IN AID OF SAINT Michael's Orphanage, will be held in November next, the exact date of which has not yet been determined. Ladies who have kindly consented to be table-holders, and their assistants, will accept this intimation and make the necessary preparation.

Select Story.

Wedded and Doomed!

By author of "Set in Diamonds."

CHAPTER XIX.

THEY could not, and did not, realize the danger at first; it seemed so sudden. A strong tall, handsome man, in the very prime of life, to be so suddenly struck down was marvelous.

It was none the less true. The agitation and hurry of that last week had brought on an attack of low fever, and that induced a decline, so rapid that there was hardly time to realize the danger before it was all over. He kept his secret as long as he could, out of most tender love for his wife; but the time came when he could keep it no longer, when his white face, dim eyes, and faltering step told it for him, and at last everyone knew that the kindly, philosophical, patient man, must die. There was universal distress and dismay.

The doctor had done his very best; he had exerted his utmost skill, but it was in vain; everything of the best that the steamer carried in the shape of wine and fruit was given him to tempt the failing appetite; but all in vain. The message that the waves had brought to him was the summons of death. At first he dare not think about it—his only cry was—What would Lynette and the girls do without him? Who would take care of them when they landed? Who would defend them when they faced the grim old lord? His darlings on whom the winds had never blown roughly. At first when he thought of it, when the pain and exhaustion brought it home to him, he would sob like a child. His darlings, his beautiful wife, his lovely young daughters; he would fix his eyes on the blue heavens with that bitter cry which had arisen from the hearts of so many men.

"Oh, Heaven, why must I die? In the prime of my life, in the very flush of my manhood, when those near and dear to me need me most—why must I die?"

The answer never comes in this world; but to the Disposer of life and death all things are known. So Nigel Fielden cried out in his first most bitter anguish, before he realized that death means the falling asleep of a man in the arms of the Great Creator, just as a little child falls asleep in the arms of its mother.

How could he leave them? He had loved Lynette so well and so faithfully that he hardly left her to cross an orchard, a meadow or a high road alone. And now she must cross the great ocean—she must face all the discomforts of the journey, while he lay dying and unable to help her. After the fact had gone forth and the doctor had told him, it was but a matter of days. They seldom left him alone, but if ever by chance he was left without watchers, how passionately he wept. He did not want to leave them, the three beautiful helpless darlings. He grew resigned in time to the idea of death. It was the lot of every man, and the great One who gave life could withdraw it when He would; but he, Nigel Fielden, ready to die as he was—willing as is a good soldier to answer the command of his captain—he prayed one prayer, by light of sun, moon, and stars—one prayer that always by night and by day was on his lips, and it was that he might live until they reached land—until he could see them safe, and know something of their future. As his face grew whiter and his strength failed more, so the prayer became more and more fervent, but there was no answer to it.

He liked best to lie on deck. The sea was smooth, the sky blue, the wind sweet with the breath of the sea. He liked to watch all the changing colors of the water—He liked to watch the blue heavens, and muse and wonder about the land he was going to. One evening he lay there in the light of the setting sun, and Undine was with him. Mrs. Fielden, with Haidee, was occupied in the cabin.

"How many more suns shall I see set, Undine?" he said. "Ah! my dear, it seems a lifetime since I worked at eventide in the fruit orchards. Oh, Undine, since I had to die, how I wish

that I had died at home. I should like to have been buried in the old church yard there, where the sea comes up to the gates but never touches the dead. It is a strange thing, but I dread being buried in the great sea. Do you remember the old church, and the pine hill, Undine?"

Did she! She would give many years of her life to be able to forget; for her the church and the pine hill were haunted and full of wretched memories.

He was dying; this kindly philosopher, this tender, indulgent father, who had never said one angry word to her, who had loved her with simple loyalty all his life. Before the sun had set many times he would be in that land beyond it, and would perhaps know her secret—she could not tell; she knew nothing of what knowledge a soul after death has of human affairs, but a strong impulse came to her to tell him her secret. She loved him so well that she could not endure him to die without knowing it.

"I might meet him in another world!" she said, "with the surprise of it still on his face."

Perhaps the greatest struggle of her life was when she sat by him, the very words on her lips. Should she or should she not? If she had opened her heart to that good impulse, all the rest of her life would have been different; but she resisted it and it died away. Why trouble his last hours with the story of her criminal folly and thoughtless sin? It was buried—no stone that she could drop into the depths of the boundless sea could be buried so deeply. Why drag out its ghost? The father who would have taken her part, who would have helped and shielded and protected her, was dying; of what use to speak?

Very soon amongst all the passengers the one subject of thought and speech was his health. The first anxious inquiries made in the morning were over him; a change for the worse in his appearance saddened them all, just as they brightened when he grew better. Captain, passengers, all alike were interested in him, while he lay wondering what would they do without him, those three whom he loved so well, when he was dead.

"Lynette," he said one afternoon, "come and sit by me, here by my side, and the girls near you. Let us have a talk such as we used to have in the drawing-room at home. How well I see the great roses drooping over the windows, I who shall never see a red rose bloom again! How happy we have been, my darling, you and I, in the years we have lived together!"

She laid her beautiful face on his, lest he should see the horrible pain written there; for whatever she felt, she controlled herself in his presence; ever when her heart was breaking, she kept eyes and lips smiling for him.

"No two people in the world have been so happy, dear, as you and I," he said. "Lynette, do you remember the broken arch, my darling, and the thick green ivy? Do you know, last night I dreamed that I was there again, talking to you, sitting near you, and we were watching the flight of some birds. I was awake long before I remembered that I was on board the 'Reine Marguerite,' and should never gaze on ivy or birds again."

His hands wandered to the fair, drooping head of his wife.

"You have been the angel of my life, Lynette," he said. "From the first time I saw you until this minute I have loved you loyally and well."

"Nigel," she said, gently, "that first time we met, you said that you were quite sure Heaven had sent you to me for my friend and deliverer."

"So Heaven did, my darling," he answered.

There was silence for a few minutes, then Lynette asked—

"And what am I to do when Heaven has taken my husband, my friend and deliverer from me?"

Her words fell on the clear silence and remained there. He did not answer them at first, but after a time he said—

"Come to me quickly, Lynette; I will be waiting for you beyond the golden gates. I want you," he said, "to sing my favorite song. I shall shut my eyes and see the broken arch and the tangled ivy, the dear and beautiful face formed therein. Oh, let me dream on, for my dream is sweet."

(To be continued.)

Notice to Mariners

The New Fog Horn,

(OFF GALLANTRY)

now located North of Hunter's Island (Ile aux Chasseurs), at a distance of about 50 yards from the Shore, will play from the 1st of March next, every time FOG AND SNOW will make it necessary.

The Sound will last for Six Seconds, with an interval of One Minute between each blast. February 2nd, 1887, tf.

TEA! - TEA!

Just received per steamer Caspian from London, SHIPMENT TEAS, (specially selected).

Selling Wholesale and Retail. JOHN J. O'REILLY, may 23 290 Water-street, 43 & 45 King's road.

ON SALE BY T. & J. GRACE

360 Water Street, Choice Flour. CROWN AND OTHER BRANDS. june 14

Jubilee Soap.

COLGATE'S SOAP—8-oz. bars, 100 in each box. Colgate's Soap, 16-oz. bars—60 bars in each box. Jones & Co.'s No 1 Soap, 16-oz bars, 36 in each box. Family Laundry Soap, 10-oz bars, 30 in each box. Superior No 1 Soap, 16-oz bars, 18 each box. Superior No 1 Soap, 16-oz bars, 36 each box. Ivory Soap, 8-oz bars, 100 each box. Scotch Soap, 4-oz boxes. Honey Scented Soap, 4lb boxes, 4-oz tablets. Glycerine Scented Soap, 4-lb boxes, 4-oz tablets. Brown Windsor Scented Soap, 4-lb boxes, 4-oz tabs. Assorted Fancy Scented Soap, 4-lb boxes, 4-oz tabs. Assorted Fancy Scented Soap, 4-lb boxes, 2-oz tabs. F. S. Cleaver's Scented Soap, 3 tablets in each box. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JOHN J. O'REILLY, may 25 290 Water-st., 43 & 45 King's Road.

Minard's Liniment.

CURES—Rheumatism, Diptheria, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headache, Ear-ache, Toothache, Cramps, Bruises, Sprains, Coughs, Colds, Quinsy, Erysipelas, Colic, Croup, Hoarseness, Burns, Bronchitis, Numbness of Limbs, Contraction of Muscles, Piles, &c.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS.

STILL ANOTHER!

GENTS.—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is my great remedy for all ills; and I have lately used it successfully in curing a case of Bronchitis, and consider you are entitled to great praise for giving to mankind so wonderful a remedy.

J. M. CAMPBELL, Bay of Islands.

Minard's Liniment is for sale everywhere. PRICE - 25 CENTS. may 18, 3m, 2w

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CHINA TEA SETS,

China Cups and Saucers, Plates, &c., &c. Mustache Cups and Saucers, Colored Dinner Sets, White Granite Plates, Soup Plates, Wash Basins, Glassware, &c.

Also, in stock, from former imports,

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Correspondence and other matters relating to the Editorial Department will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

P. B. BOWEN, Editor of the Colonist, St. John's Nfld.

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RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY AT THE 31st DECEMBER, 1882:

I.—CAPITAL
Authorized Capital.....£3,000,000
Subscribed Capital.....2,000,000
Paid-up Capital.....500,000

II.—FIRE FUND.
Reserve.....£844,576 19 11
Premium Reserve.....362,188 18 3
Balance of profit and loss acct.....67,895 12 6

III.—LIFE FUND.
Accumulated Fund (Life Branch).....£3,274,835 19 1
Do. Fund (Annuity Branch).....473,147 3 2

REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1882.
FROM THE LIFE DEPARTMENT.
Nett Life Premiums and Interest.....£469,075 5 3
Annuity Premiums (including £108,992 2 4 by single payment) and interest.....124,717 7 11

FROM THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Nett Fire Premiums and Interest.....£1,157,073 14 0

£1,750,866, 7 4

The Accumulated Funds of the Life Department are free from liability in respect of the Fire Department, and in like manner the Accumulated Funds of the Fire Department are free from liability in respect of the Life Department.

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The Mutual Life Insurance Co., OF NEW YORK.—ESTABLISHED 1843.

Assets, January 1st, 1887.....\$114,181,963
Cash Income for 1886.....\$21,137,179
Insurance in force about.....\$400,000,000
Policies in force about.....\$130,000

The Mutual Life is the Largest Life Company, and the Strongest Financial Institution in the World.

No other Company has paid such LARGE DIVIDENDS to its Policy-holders; and no other Company issues so PLAIN and so COMPLETE a POLICY.

J. W. FITZPATRICK, Travelling Agent. A. S. RENDELL, Agent, Newfoundland

feb 18, 3m, 2w

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1887.

LAST YEAR'S TRADE

The report of the Chamber of Commerce, published by our contemporaries, is not as full as it is desirable that it should be. It deals only in generalities; and gives neither figures of the trade of the last nor previous years. There appears, moreover, to be a contradiction in the statement that "the codfisheries, taken as a whole, were fairly productive"; and the statement that our "combined fisheries," from present appearances, "will produce a result much below the average."

It is satisfactory to learn that the recommendations made by the Chamber of Commerce last year, in regard to the cure of fish have been attended to, though not so fully as is absolutely necessary, in face of the keen foreign competition with which our fishermen have to contend. The Shore and Labrador fish, we are told, was well cured; but the Bank fish, although not up to the mark, bears evidence of having greater care taken of it than formerly.

The lobster canning industry, which is becoming a very valuable commercial adjunct, suggests the necessity of legislative enactment to prevent the depletion of the lobster fishery, as has been the case in the maritime provinces of Canada, and also in some parts of the United States. The Chamber of Commerce should use their influence with the government to have necessary regulations enforced as to the season for lobster fishing; and the size lobsters may legally be permitted to be taken, and also the distances along the coast at which factories may be established. With the excellence of Newfoundland lobsters and the high prices which they command in foreign markets, a large increase in this industry may reasonably be expected in the course of a year or two. Instead of the value of the export being, as it was last year, \$145,941, it will probably be, in a few years, three or four times that amount. Hence the wisdom of putting safeguards about it, so that it may not be destroyed, as it will be within five years, if not properly protected. It appears to us somewhat singular that there is no mention of any other than the fishing industry in the report of the Chamber of Commerce. A representation of agriculturists and manufacturers in that body would extend its usefulness, and probably induce the leading minds of the colony to consider the necessity of devoting attention to the care, or encouragement of a diversity of employments for the laboring classes, and for the good of the trade of the country generally.

ON TRUE EDUCATION.

(Continued.)

We are not for banishing probable reasonings altogether. We are constantly compelled in practice to argue from uncertain data, and act upon the probability thence derived. But a probable opinion implies certainty somewhere, to which it approximates, and in comparison with which it is called a probable opinion. We cannot live upon pure probabilities without any certainty. To say that probably so and so is probable, is an unsatisfactory speech. A person who rejects all certainty, and consequently has some doubt about all things, is careless in his reasoning, for that he despairs of truth. This utter rejection of certainty is apt to accompany the denial of theological dogmas. It is a frequent judgment of God upon unbelievers in revealed religion, that they lose their faith in even the plainest natural truths. Just as impurity destroys affection, so does willful infidelity strip a man of the faculty of apprehension. After spending an hour or two over the works of some profound anti-Christian philosopher, and reading how existence is a mere name, and truth is whatever anybody chooses to believe, and other prodigies of error, "gross as a mountain, open palpable," to start a conversation with a boy who cleans your shoes is a transition, not from Hyperion to satyr, but just the other way. You lay down the book, feeling as though you had got rid of a madman. This, then, is the benefit of divine faith, that it steadies the natural reason. One who believes in revealed religion will not become the dupe of a mountebank philosopher.

There is another salutary reaction of faith upon reason, which is illustrated by the action alleged before. A person travelling by rail to the Lake Country, which he could not conveniently reach on foot, improves his walking powers in that, that it puts him in a position to climb Scawfell or Helvellyn. So faith in the mysteries of revelation secures premises for further deductions. What a "feast of reason" there is here, anyone that has peeped into the magnificent science of Christian theology can tell.

Next, we may notice what faith does for the cultivation of feeling, an effect which is sadly elucidated *contrario* by the *Autobiography* of Jno. Stuart Mill. He was brought up by his father, as everybody knows, "without any religious belief." But, perhaps, not every one has remarked that this man, James Mill, who had laid aside religion, was disposed to shelve feeling also.

Though "not insensible to pleasures," he had "scarcely any belief in pleasure." For passionate emotions of all sorts, and for everything which has been said or written in exaltation of them, he professed the greatest contempt. He regarded them as a form of madness. "The intense" was with him a form of disapprobation. The son was brought up on these Spartan principles. Feeling, however, aye, and intense feeling, is as natural to man, as it is natural to a vine to put forth leaves. True education consists in taking whatever is natural, and forming it to its right object. The young Mill did feel, notwithstanding the paternal prohibition, and he felt very miserable, so that he says, "I did not think I could possibly bear it beyond a year." His swelling grief was lanced by a touching story, and poured itself out in tears. He writes, "From this moment my burthen grew lighter. The oppression of the thought that all feeling was dead within me was gone. I was no longer hopeless. I was not a stick or a stone." Thenceforth he tells us "the cultivation of the feelings became one of the cardinal points in my ethical and philosophical creed." Accordingly he read Woodsworth, and indulged a taste for music. Four years afterwards, he made the acquaintance of the lady who subsequently became his wife and almost his idol, of whom he says, after her death, "Her memory is to me a religion."

THE LEEVE AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

His Excellency, Governor Blake, held his first levee this morning. The following are the names of the gentlemen who attended.

Alsop C. Ayre Hon. Chas. Bond R. (M.H.A.), Bond Rev. George, Boyd Rev. George, Bunting F. E., Burchill H. C., Baird D., Botwood Rev. E., Bowers, P. R., Burtel A. L., Barnes A. R., Bremner Robert, Bowring Hon. Chas., Bowring John, Bowring Edgar R., Browning D. M., Balfour F. H., Burns Dr., Crook Rev. E., Casey John, Carly Paul, Conroy Judge, Cook H., Callahan Jas. (M.H.A.), Currie Rev. A., Cleary Hon. P., Carter H. D., Clapp W. M., Duder J., Dearn Dr., Dearn A. F., Des Isles Monsieur (French Consul), Donnelly W. L., Dunfield Rev. M., Devine M. A., Dickinson G. H., Duchemin J. L., Dickinson Wm. J., Emerson Prescott, Emerson Charles, Edens Thomas J., Fox J. P., Forristal Ven. Archdeacon, Flannery J. J., Furlong L. O., Furlong Jas. P., Fendlon Hon. M., Fraser J. O., Fawcett Inspector, Goodridge Hon. A. F., Goodridge J. R., Goodridge H., Gosling W. G., Gaden T. W., Graham Rev. W., Grieve W. B. (M.H.A.), Harvey Rev. M., Harvey Hon. A. W., Harvey A., Harvey Dr. A., Heygate Rev. A., Heygate Rev. R., Harvey R., Hayward Hy. E., Hutchings Geo. A. (M.H.A.), Holden R. B., Houghton J. D., Harvey A. John, Hutton C. W., Jardine James, Jackman J. T., Johnson J. M., Job W. C., Knight M. T., Keough Thos., Lalor Rev. W. S., Luder H., Long Thos., Lilly Frank, Lilly R. R., W., Little Mr. Justice, Lindberg Jno., LeMessurier H. W. (M.H.A.), LeMessurier H. C., McKenzie Dr., Macpherson C., McNeilly Hon. A. J. W., McDougall J., McGhee L., McGowan J. R., McLoughlin Hon. Jas., Monroe Hon. M., Morine, A. B., M.H.A., Murphy T. J., M.H.A., Molloy T. N., (American Consul), Monroe Jas. H., Mare R., Langrishe, March S. R. (M.H.A.), Manning Rev. E., Morris E. P. (M.H.A.), Milroy A., Noonan J. L., Nicholls J. W., O'Mara M. J. (M.H.A.), O'Mara John, O'Dwyer John L., Parnell W., Pinsten C. M., Pilot Rev. W., Prowse R. H. (German Consul), Prowse Judge, Pittman Rev. A., Prowse K. R., Pye John, Pitts Hon. J. S., Rendell T. W., Rendell G. T., Reed Alex., Robinson (Com.), Rogerson J. J., Robertson H. W., Rafter Rev. W. J., Rendell H., Rothwell Edward, Simms J. S., Syme Hon. John, Steer George G., Steer John, Shea Dr., Sullivan (Sub-Inspector), Singala Don (Spanish Consul), Simms Dr., Studdy John, Sterling W. R., Scott P. J. (M.H.A.), Shea Hon. E. D., Stabb H. J., Tessier P. G., Turner Rev. H., Thorburn Sir R., Winter Hon. J. S., Winsor J. J., Walsh T. F., Winter M. G., Withers J. W., Winter T., Wood Rev. A. C., Whiteway Sir Wm. V.

The Agricultural Show.

Being unusually busy yesterday, a sentence slipped into a contributed article on the Agricultural Show, which evil-minded persons may interpret as impugning the management of the New Era Grounds. Such, we believe, was not the writer's intention, whose idea is, that a permanent place for holding agricultural exhibitions should be provided, such as Bannerman Park, if properly fitted up, would afford. We have been informed that it is the intention of the committee who have the management of the Agricultural Show in hands, to make a charge for admission; and this being the case the grounds, having a secure fence, will afford the best facilities for holding the Exhibition this year. Those who would not attend the Exhibition, if held there, because of horse-racing, &c., would probably be too fastidious to attend, no matter in what place it would be held.

The steamer Nova Scotian arrived from Halifax at 12.30 today. She brought but a small freight and the following passengers:—Messrs. Dwyer, Kerr, J. D. Ryan, F. Lazarus, E. Lawrence, Stubbs, Gallagher, and Francis; 2 intermediate, and 24 in steerage. For Liverpool—Mrs. Bowring and maid, Mrs. McDougall, Misses Bowring (3), Rev. L. H. Loyd, J. J. Curling, Messrs. C. Bowring, W. Bowring, W. Stoddart, A. Bowring, H. Duff, H. Robinson, G. Bolt, W. Rennie, E. Harvey, E. Howley, R. O'Dwyer, W. Bennett; 3 intermediate, and 2 in steerage.

Arrival of Stmr. Haverstoe.

SHE RESCUES AND BRINGS INTO PORT THE SHIP PARTHIA'S CREW.

The steamer Haverstoe arrived here this morning, at 6 o'clock, bringing in the crew of the ship Parthia, which was abandoned at sea on the 3rd inst. The Haverstoe is also somewhat short of coals, and is being supplied with one hundred tons by Messrs. S. March & Sons. In an interview with Capt. Joseph Eaton, of the Parthia, this morning, the details of the loss of his ship were ascertained. The Parthia left London on Aug. 15, laden with chalk and cement, bound for New York. The weather was fine enough till the 23rd, when a series of gales followed from S.W. to N.W., and continued till the 26th, when it moderated. When the gale commenced the ship was in about 50 lat. and 18 long. On the 27th the gale came on with renewed vigor and reached a hurricane. Sails were blown off, and the fore yard and cross-jack were carried away. To make matters worse, the ship sprung a leak and was soon leaking at the rate of 20 inches an hour. The crew of the ship stuck to the pumps and managed to keep her afloat till the morning of the 3rd of September, when the steamer Haverstoe was sighted, which ship bore down and rescued the crew. The captain and crew of the Parthia speak highly of the manner in which he and his crew have been treated by Capt. Blenkern and officers of the Haverstoe. The Parthia belonged to St. John, N.B., and was owned by Mr. Jas. F. Cruikshank, of that place. She was built in 1874, and was 1528 tons register. The Haverstoe belongs to Grimsby, England, and is a new ship—this being her first trip across the Atlantic. She was bound from Bilbao to Philadelphia, laden with iron ore, when she came up with the wrecked Parthia. She is 1371 tons burthen. As soon as she coals she will resume her voyage to Philadelphia. The captain and crew of the steamer Parthia (22 in number) will proceed to New Brunswick first opportunity.

O'BRIEN ARRESTED WHILE SEEING LABOUCHERE OFF ON A STEAMER.

He Makes a Speech from the Hotel Balcony. The Funeral at Mitchellstown.

DUBLIN, Sept. 11.—Mr. O'Brien was arrested today, while seeing Labouchere off on a steamer. O'Brien spent the day at Bally Brock, with Dillon and Harrington. He received a telegram from Labouchere and Brunner, requesting him to accompany them to London. O'Brien, accompanied by Harrington, went on board the Kings-town boat, for the purpose of declining the invitation, when a detective met him and said he would not be arrested if he pledged himself not to go to England. O'Brien refused. He was taken into custody and escorted to the Imperial hotel. He was told he could stay all night if he would promise not to make a speech, but the promise was not given. O'Brien addressed a crowd from the balcony of the hotel. He said: "So long as there is breath in my body my voice will not be silenced until gagged. I am proud to suffer for Mitchellstown. When in Kingston I was told that I would not be arrested if I did not undertake to go to England. That shows that the government are beginning to dread us in England."

O'Brien will remain at the hotel tonight and proceed to Mitchellstown in the morning. The crowd in front of the hotel is very enthusiastic. O'Brien said he had no intention of going to England when he boarded the boat. He merely went to see Labouchere. As to making a speech at the hotel he said he had no idea of doing so until the detective mentioned it.

MITCHELLSTOWN, Sept. 11.—Contingents of Nationalists from all the surrounding towns have promised to attend the funeral to-morrow. The procession will be enormous. The police refuse to allow the cortege to traverse the regular route to the cemetery, which passes the barracks. The Nationalists consider this a great indignity. They will be compelled to go through the Protestant part of the town. They claim to have the right to take the usual route, promising to resort to no violence. The coffin of the old man shot dead on Friday, whose name was Lenorgan, not Riordan, is inscribed as follows: Mitchell Lenorgan, murdered September 9, 1887. Requiescat in pace.

President Cleveland's Knowledge of Short-Horned Cattle.

On his western trip this fall (says the N. Y. Herald) President Cleveland expects to attend several of the great agricultural fairs. Much has been said about his slight acquaintance with the country and people outside of New York. It will surprise a great many, no doubt, to hear that his acquaintance with the pedigrees of short-horn cattle of the United States is probably equal to that of any man who is not now engaged in raising the best class of stock, so that he will be at home among the short-horns wherever he

meets them. "The American Short Horn Herd Book," which has now reached its twenty-eight volume, is the standard work published in this country, containing pedigrees of short-horn cattle. It is a work known by every cattle raiser in the United States. Nearly thirty years ago President Cleveland, then just entering upon his majority, took a personal interest in the compilation of the volumes. In the preface to vol. 5, printed at Buffalo in 1861, the publisher, Mr. Lewis F. Allan, makes the following acknowledgments:—"In the compilation of the second, third, fourth and fifth volumes of the work I take much pleasure in expressing my acknowledgments to the kindness, industry and ability of my young friend and kinsman, Grover Cleveland, Esq., of Buffalo, a gentleman of the legal profession, who has kindly assisted my labors in correcting and arranging the pedigrees for publication, and to him is a portion of the credit due for the very creditable display which our American short horns make before the agricultural public."

Royal Gazette Notices.

His Excellency the governor, in council, has been pleased to appoint the Rev. Chas. Evans to be a member of the Church of England board of education for Harbor Grace, in the place of the Rev. N. Lemoine—left the district.

Rev. Wm. Haynes, Philip Grandy, Levi Tulk Cluett, of Belleoram, Robert Lee, of St. Jacques, John Evans, of English Harbor, George Keeping, of Rencontre, and Stephen Gould, of Lallycove, to be the Church of England board of education for Belloram.

The Rev. John Godden, to be a member of the Church of England board of education for Trinity North, in place of Rev. B. Smith—left the district.

The Rev. T. W. Clift, to be a member of the Church of England board of education for Carbonear, in place of Rev. J. Godden—removed.

The Rev. John Hewitt, to be a member of the Church of England board of education for Burin, in place of Rev. A. Winsor—left the country.

The Rev. G. S. Chamberlain, to be a member of the Church of England board of education for Herringneck, in place of Rev. J. Hewitt—removed.

The Rev. George Field, to be a member of the Church of England board of education for Fortune Bay, in place of Rev. W. K. White—deceased.

Rev. John Pye, of Flat Islands, Placentia Bay, to be a member of the Methodist board of education for Flat Islands, in place of Rev. J. Wheatley—left the district.

William J. Mews, Esq., of St. John's, to be a member of the Methodist board of education for St. John's west, in place of the late hon. E. White; and Messrs. John Green and Richard White, to be additional members of the same board.

Mr. William Diamond, of South East Arm, Goosebay, to be a member of the Methodist board of education for Musgravetown, in place of W. Matthews—resigned.

Rev. John Humphrey, of Sound Island, to be a member of the Methodist board of education for Placentia Bay, in place of Rev. J. B. G. Howe—left the district.

The Rev. Felix McCarthy, to be a member of the road board for Fortune Harbor, district of Twillingate.

Secretary's Office, 13th Sept., 1887.

Correspondence.

The Editor of this paper is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

The Want of a Hose at the Poor Asylum.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

SIR,—The fire that occurred a few days since and destroyed a detached building of the Poor Asylum, prompts me to ask the question: Is it possible that in connection with this building there is no hose or other appliance to extinguish even the smallest spark of fire? If, sir, such is the case, I hope these few lines will be the means of calling the attention of those in authority to this matter, and that what is necessary be at once provided, especially when water is so plentiful, and the cost of hose would not exceed \$20 to \$25. I am, sir, yours truly, St. John's, Sept. 13th. WEST-END.

The Recent Case for Breach of Game-law.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—In reading an evening paper of yesterday, I saw an article with reference to the Walsh versus Fizzle case, for shooting partridge. Now, I know Mr. Fizzle for a number of years, and a more law-abiding man it would be hard to find. According to the act a poor settler can shoot, for his own consumption, birds at any season of the year. This man, Fizzle, would not, for his best friend, shoot a brace of birds after the season is over. Now, if I chose, I could expose some leading men who bought birds from a Bay Bulls' man, and he came to me with them in a bag to sell them. I did not wish

to make a fuss about it, but quietly sent him a note as though it came from the court, and it had the desired effect of scaring him from shooting and selling the breeding birds.

Thanking you for your valuable space, I am, dear sir, yours faithfully, St. John's, Sept. 13. JUSTICE.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS. TO BUSINESS MEN.

The Colonist will soon issue a carefully prepared index of the leading and active houses of this city, to be circulated throughout the country.

This index will offer unusual advantages to our business and professional men to widely represent their interests.

Our agent will call to explain the nature of this enterprise, and we hope our live business men will give it their hearty support.

The steamer Nova Scotian will sail at six o'clock this evening.

The highest point attained by the thermometer during the last twenty-four hours was 70°; the lowest 50°.

A meeting of the ladies connected with St. Michael's Bazaar, will be held at St. Michael's Convent, on Friday next, at 11 o'clock. The ladies are requested to attend, as business of importance will be transacted.

A banking schooner, belonging to R. R. & C. Callahan, Capt. Mulcahey, arrived at Bay Bulls yesterday, with 250 qtls. fish. Captain Mulcahey reports fine weather and fish plenty on the banks.

A STRONG REACTION.—A significant feature of the Texas election is the counties that have formerly supported local option voted strongly against prohibition. The cause is plain. Fanatical remedies in restraint of natural liberty have not promoted temperance.

The first cargoes of dry fish from this port for foreign markets, this season, were cleared on August 31st and September 2nd; the first being the Lady Agnes, Captain Piper, loaded by E. Duder, Esq., and the second, the Pearl, Captain Lower, by Messrs. Waterman & Co.—Twillingate Sun.

But three persons entered for the race at the New Era Gardens last night, viz., James Raynes, Robert Stephenson and John Nowlan. When time was called, at the end of two hours, Raynes was ahead and had completed the fifteenth mile. Stephenson was second, though it is said that Nowlan would be second but for some injury to his foot early in the race. The race will be continued this evening.

The banking schooner Lilly E., belonging to Catalina, Captain Hiscock, arrived at Carbonear on Sunday last with three hundred quintals of fish. On the way in, and when in the neighborhood of Bacalieu, one of the crew of the Lilly E. was knocked overboard. His name was Wells, and he belonged to Catalina. He leaves a wife and one child. The captain reports Captain Peter Kent, of St. John's, with one hundred quintals of fish, all well. He passed on the way from the banks a copper bottomed vessel bottom up, anchored on the banks. Her name could not be made out. He also reports fish plenty but squid scarce.

On the 14th inst., a young man named Felix Byrne, belonging to Fogo, left Little Bay with two young men and proceeded to Fortune Harbor, to spend Sunday. After paying a visit to their friends, they left in good spirits for Leading Tickle. They arrived there early on Monday morning, when two of the young men went ashore and left Felix in the boat. They were absent a considerable time and on returning found to their great surprise that Byrne was gone. After having a good search for him they discovered the body buried in the deep. He was then taken to Fogo and buried. It is supposed that all three of the young men were under the influence of liquor which they purchased, contrary to law, on their visit to Fortune Harbor.—Twillingate Sun.

SORROWS OF THE SEA.

A French smack reports the loss of a vessel with 50 hands in the English Channel.

The ship Clyde, which sailed from Leith, Aug. 1st for Quebec, was burned on August 30th, in lat. 46.52 N., lon. 46. The crew were rescued by the barque Marion Keny, which has arrived at Liverpool from Quebec.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ATLANTIC HOTEL.

Sept. 13—J. A. Fowler, D. W. Duff, A. Harvey, England; F. W. Andrew, Pillsley Island; R. J. Lynch, Conche; J. G. Duncan, M.D., Briggs, 14—W. H. Stubbs, Ottawa; George Grant, Dr. Lawrence, Frank Lazarus, London; Charles T. Gallagher, Halifax; Thomas Kerr, Toronto.

DEATHS.

CAREW—This morning, after a long illness, borne with christian resignation, Mr. James Carew, (cooper), in the 88th year of his age. Funeral on Friday next, 16th inst., at 2.30 p.m., from his late residence King's Road.—R.I.P.—[Boston papers please copy.]
McDONALD—Monday night last, Annie, youngest daughter of George and Sarah McDonald, aged five months.